

# Brain Homogenate Preparation

## Brain homogenate prep buffers (\*\*make fresh):

### 1. Brain Homogenation Buffer (BHB):

1X PBS (pH = 7.4) with 1 mM EDTA	19.3 mL
5M NaCl	0.6 mL
Triton X 100	0.1 mL
Complete Protease Inhibitor w/o EDTA (Rosche, 11836170001)	1 Tablet

\*gently mix at 4°C until PI Tablet dissolves and then put on ice until use.

### Steps:

- 1.) Perfuse normal or scrapie-affected Syrian golden hamsters with ice cold 1X PBS-EDTA:

NaCl	8g
KCl	0.2g
Na <sub>2</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>	1.44g
KH <sub>2</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>	0.24g
+5mM EDTA	

\*pH to 7.4 with HCl and QS to 1L

Note: Perfused tissue may be preferential because we are aware on some level of assay inhibition caused by contaminating blood. However, perfusion is not absolutely necessary for Brain Homogenate preparation.

- 2.) Extract hamster brain with clean tools and flash freeze with liquid nitrogen
- 3.) Store brains at -80°C
- 4.) Rinse 2mL dounce to remove particulates from packaging or storage.
- 5.) Weigh brain chunks:
  - a. Normal Brain Weight: \_\_\_\_\_
  - b. Diseased Brain Weight: \_\_\_\_\_
- 6.) Use 10% weight per volume of Brain Homogenate Buffer (i.e. 0.1g Brain = 1r : 3HB).
- 7.) Dounce 10X with loose dounce and 10 times with tight dounce.
  - a. Minimize frothing/bubbles
  - b. All dounces performed on ice in 50mL tube.

Note: In addition to using a dounce as described here, we have also had success preparing Brain Homogenates for RTQ using Bead Beater and Tissue Grinder protocols.

- 8.) Spin at 2000Xg for 2min to partially clarify and transfer supernatant to another tube.
- 9.) Aliquot supe into small (i.e. 12uL) aliquots and put at -80°C for storage.